



Regional Water Authority Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

July 12, 2018



Overview

- OPEB Funding Policy Changes
- Highlights of OPEB Funding Report
- OPEB Funding Status
- Actuarial Determine Contribution
- Questions and Comments





- Incorporates some GASB 75 changes
- Funding policy is different than accounting policy
 - Accounting policy amortizes the variances over shorter time frames
- Actuarially Determined Contribution
 - vs. Actuarially Required Contribution
- Discount rate is not specified
 - Policy includes ability to modify rate for adverse conditions
- Amortizes unfunded liabilities over 10 years
 - Closed versus open method







- Explicit and Implicit Liability
 - Two distinct types of OPEB liability
- Explicit
 - RWA contributes directly toward expected retiree health care premiums.
 - Fund 100% of the explicit actuarial determined contribution
 - Represents the expected cash flow obligations to fund the retiree health benefits







• Implicit

- Exists when retiree health care premiums are less than expected retiree claims for coverage
- RWA pays the same premiums for active employees and retirees
 - Assumption is active employee premiums are subsidizing retiree premiums
- Policy allows flexibility to fund implicit subsidy
- Evaluate if actuarial plan assets exceed future plan benefits
 - If assets < future plan benefits, funding is expected
- If premiums are not age rated, implicit subsidy won't be necessary







Highlights of July 1, 2017 OPEB Biennial Valuation Report

- Actuarially determined by Macleod Watts
- Determines Actuarial Determined Contribution for FY 2019 and FY 2020
 - Explicit and Implicit
- 7.0% Discount rate for valuation
 - Same as 2015
 - Current 7.0% rate equivalency to a 5.75% discount rate for the explicit portion only
 - Includes a .28% buffer (7.28% vs. 7.0%)
 - Not guaranteed





Highlights of July 1, 2017 OPEB Biennial Valuation Report, con't.

- Discount rate assumes funding both explicit and implicit
- Assumes continued investment in CERBT Strategy 1
- Includes additional legislative advocacy position
- Includes higher future health care costs
- Refines future retirement dates





Status of OPEB plan at June 30, 2017 @ 7.0% discount rate

Subsidy	Explicit		Explicit Implicit		Total	
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	863,611	\$209,912	\$ 1	,073,523	
Actuarial Value of Assets		954,941	26,088		981,029	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	(91,330)	\$183,824	\$	92,494	
Funded Ratio		110.6%	12.4%		91.4%	

- Snapshot in time with set of assumptions
- Fully funded explicit subsidy
- Still funding implicit subsidy
 - Evaluate biennially to determine status of funding Total assets should be less than current and future explicit OPEB needs (APVPB)

Subsidy	Explicit	Implicit	Total	
Actuarially Present Value of Proj. Benefits	\$1,130,239	\$281,059	\$1,411,298	
Actuarial Value of Assets	954,941	26,088	981,029	
Difference	\$ 175,298	\$254,971	\$ 430,269	





From the draft July 1, 2017 OPEB Valuation report, using 7.0% discount rate

For FYE 2019	Explicit	Implicit	Total
Normal Cost	\$52,835	\$13,400	\$66,235
Amortization of UAAL	(10,546)	23,729	13,183
Interest to fiscal year end	2,960	2,599	5,559
Actuarially Determined Contribution for FY19 Less: Implicit subsidy credit paid in health prer	39,728 (26,552)	84,977 (26,552)	
Total Cash required for FY19	\$45,249	\$13,176	\$58,425
OPEB Budget FY19		-	\$83,201

- Cash requirement of \$58K is less than budgeted of \$83K
- For FY 2019, it is estimated that RWA pays \$26,552 higher health care premiums to subsidize the retiree health care. This subsidy can be applied towards the FY 2019 OPEB contribution.





Questions and Discussion

