The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 – water sector provisions (COVID-19 Stimulus Package) \$1.9 trillion Signed into law March 11, 2021

EMERGENCY RENTAL (UTILITY) ASSISTANCE PROVISIONS

KEY PROVISIONS

- \$21.5 billion available until 2027
- 40% of grantee's eligible funding must be provided within 60 days of enactment (3/11/21)
- Priority grantees defined as very low-income renter households paying more than 50 percent of income on rent or living in substandard or overcrowded conditions, rental market costs, and change in employment since February 2020 used as the factors for allocating funds.

SEC. 3201. Emergency rental assistance

- (a) Funding
- **(1) Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of the Treasury for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$21,550,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2027, for making payments to eligible grantees under this section—
- (2) Reservation of funds—Of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall reserve—
- (A) \$305,000,000 for making payments under this section to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa;
- **(B)** \$30,000,000 for costs of the Secretary for the administration of emergency rental assistance programs and technical assistance to recipients of any grants made by the Secretary to provide financial and other assistance to renters;
- **(C)** \$3,000,000 for administrative expenses of the Inspector General relating to oversight of funds provided in this section; and
- **(D)** \$2,500,000,000 for payments to high-need grantees as provided in this section.
- (b) Allocation of funds to eligible grantees
- (1) Allocation for States and units of local government
- **(A)** In general—The amount appropriated under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) that remains after the application of paragraph (2) of such subsection shall be allocated to eligible grantees described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (f)(1) in the same manner as the amount appropriated under section 501 of subtitle A of title V of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260) is allocated to States and units of local government under subsection (b)(1) of such section, except that section 501(b) of such subtitle A shall be applied—
- (i) without regard to clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A);
- (ii) by deeming the amount appropriated under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Act that remains after the application of paragraph (2) of such subsection to be the amount deemed to apply for purposes of applying clause (ii) of section 501(b)(1)(A) of such subtitle A;
- (iii) by substituting "\$152,000,000" for "\$200,000,000" each place such term appears;
- (iv) in subclause (I) of such section 501(b)(1)(A)(v), by substituting "under section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021" for "under section 501 of subtitle A of title V of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021"; and
- (v) in subclause (II) of such section 501(b)(1)(A)(v), by substituting "local government elects to receive funds from the Secretary under section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 and will use the funds in a

manner consistent with such section" for "local government elects to receive funds from the Secretary under section 501 of subtitle A of title V of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 and will use the funds in a manner consistent with such section".

- **(B) Pro rata adjustment**—The Secretary shall make pro rata adjustments in the amounts of the allocations determined under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph for entities described in such subparagraph as necessary to ensure that the total amount of allocations made pursuant to such subparagraph does not exceed the remainder appropriated amount described in such subparagraph.
- **(2) Allocations for territories**—The amount reserved under subsection (a)(2)(A) shall be allocated to eligible grantees described in subsection (f)(1)(C) in the same manner as the amount appropriated under section 501(a)(2)(A) of subtitle A of title V of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260) is allocated under section 501(b)(3) of such subtitle A to eligible grantees described under subparagraph (C) of such section 501(b)(3), except that section 501(b)(3) of such subtitle A shall be applied—
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "of section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021" after "the amount reserved under subsection (a)(2)(A)"; and
- **(B)** in clause (i) of subparagraph (B), by substituting "the amount equal to 0.3 percent of the amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1)" with "the amount equal to 0.3 percent of the amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1) of section 3201 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021".
- (3) High-need grantees—The Secretary shall allocate funds reserved under subsection (a)(2)(D) to eligible grantees with a high need for assistance under this section, with the number of very low-income renter households paying more than 50 percent of income on rent or living in substandard or overcrowded conditions, rental market costs, and change in employment since February 2020 used as the factors for allocating funds.

(c) Payment schedule

- **(1)** In general—The Secretary shall pay all eligible grantees not less than 40 percent of each such eligible grantee's total allocation provided under subsection (b) within 60 days of enactment of this Act.
- **(2) Subsequent payments**—The Secretary shall pay to eligible grantees additional amounts in tranches up to the full amount of each such eligible grantee's total allocation in accordance with a procedure established by the Secretary, provided that any such procedure established by the Secretary shall require that an eligible grantee must have obligated not less than 75 percent of the funds already disbursed by the Secretary pursuant to this section prior to disbursement of additional amounts.

(d) Use of funds

(1) In general—An eligible grantee shall only use the funds provided from payments made under this section as follows:

(A) Financial assistance

- (i) In general—Subject to clause (ii) of this subparagraph, funds received by an eligible grantee from payments made under this section shall be used to provide financial assistance to eligible households, not to exceed 18 months, including the payment of—
- (I) rent;
- (II) rental arrears;
- (III) utilities and home energy costs;
- (IV) utilities and home energy costs arrears; and
- (V) other expenses related to housing, as defined by the Secretary.
- **(ii) Limitation**—The aggregate amount of financial assistance an eligible household may receive under this section, when combined with financial assistance provided under section 501 of subtitle A of title V of division N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), shall not exceed 18 months.

HOMEOWNERS ASSISTANCE

KEY POINTS

- \$9.9 billion appropriated to support single family homeowners
- Available until 9/30/25
- State receives assistance but must request assistance within 45 days of enactment or loses right to assistance (3/11/21)
- Reimbursement to local governments for costs starting January 1, 2020 up to day of first disbursement of fund assistance
- Targeting 60% of assistance to homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the area median income for their household size or equal to or less than 100 percent of the median income for the United States

SEC. 3206. Homeowner Assistance Fund

- **(a) Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of the Treasury for the Homeowner Assistance Fund established under subsection (c) for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$9,961,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2025, for qualified expenses that meet the purposes specified under subsection (c) and expenses described in subsection (d)(1).
- **(b) Definitions**—In this section:
- (1) Conforming loan limit—The term "conforming loan limit" means the applicable limitation governing the maximum original principal obligation of a mortgage secured by a single-family residence, a mortgage secured by a 2-family residence, a mortgage secured by a 3-family residence, or a mortgage secured by a 4-family residence, as determined and adjusted annually under section 302(b)(2) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act (12 U.S.C. 1717(b)(2)) and section 305(a)(2) of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. 1454(a)(2)).
- **(2) Dwelling**—The term "dwelling" means any building, structure, or portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more individuals.
- (3) Eligible entity—The term "eligible entity" means—
- (A) a State; or
- **(B)** any entity eligible for payment under subsection (f).
- (4) Mortgage—The term "mortgage" means any credit transaction—
- **(A)** that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other consensual security interest on a principal residence of a borrower that is **(i)** a 1- to 4-unit dwelling, or **(ii)** residential real property that includes a 1- to 4-unit dwelling; and
- **(B)** the unpaid principal balance of which was, at the time of origination, not more than the conforming loan limit.
- (5) Fund—The term "Fund" means the Homeowner Assistance Fund established under subsection (c).
- **(6) Secretary—**The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury.
- **(7) State**—The term "State" means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

(c) Establishment of Fund

(1) Establishment; qualified expenses—There is established in the Department of the Treasury a Homeowner Assistance Fund to mitigate financial hardships associated with the coronavirus pandemic by providing such funds as are appropriated by subsection (a) to eligible entities for the purpose of preventing homeowner mortgage delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, loss of utilities or home energy services, and displacements of homeowners experiencing financial hardship after January 21, 2020, through qualified expenses related to mortgages and housing, which include--

- **(A)** mortgage payment assistance;
- **(B)** financial assistance to allow a homeowner to reinstate a mortgage or to pay other housing related costs related to a period of forbearance, delinquency, or default;
- **(C)** principal reduction;
- **(D)** facilitating interest rate reductions;
- **(E)** payment assistance for—
- (i) utilities, including electric, gas, home energy, and water;
- (ii) internet service, including broadband internet access service, as defined in section 8.1(b) of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation);
- (iii) homeowner's insurance, flood insurance, and mortgage insurance; and
- (iv) homeowner's association, condominium association fees, or common charges;
- **(F)** reimbursement of funds expended by a State, local government, or designated entity under subsection (f) during the period beginning on January 21, 2020, and ending on the date that the first funds are disbursed by the eligible entity under the Homeowner Assistance Fund, for the purpose of providing housing or utility payment assistance to homeowners or otherwise providing funds to prevent foreclosure or post-foreclosure eviction of a homeowner or prevent mortgage delinquency or loss of housing or utilities as a response to the coronavirus disease (COVID) pandemic; and
- **(G)** any other assistance to promote housing stability for homeowners, including preventing mortgage delinquency, default, foreclosure, post-foreclosure eviction of a homeowner, or the loss of utility or home energy services, as determined by the Secretary.
- **(2) Targeting**—Not less than 60 percent of amounts made to each eligible entity allocated amounts under subsection (d) or (f) shall be used for qualified expenses that assist homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the area median income for their household size or equal to or less than 100 percent of the median income for the United States, as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, whichever is greater. The eligible entity shall prioritize remaining funds to socially disadvantaged individuals.
- (d) Allocation of funds
- (1) Administration—Of any amounts made available under this section, the Secretary shall reserve—
- **(A)** to the Department of the Treasury, an amount not to exceed \$40,000,000 to administer and oversee the Fund, and to provide technical assistance to eligible entities for the creation and implementation of State and tribal programs to administer assistance from the Fund; and
- **(B)** to the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury, an amount to not exceed \$2,600,000 for oversight of the program under this section.
- (2) For States—After the application of paragraphs (1), (4), and (5) of this subsection and subject to paragraph (3) of this subsection, the Secretary shall allocate the remaining funds available within the Homeowner Assistance Fund to each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico based on homeowner need, for such State relative to all States of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, which is determined by reference to—
- **(A)** the average number of unemployed individuals measured over a period of time not fewer than 3 months and not more than 12 months; and
- **(B)** the total number of mortgagors with—
- (i) mortgage payments that are more than 30 days past due; or
- (ii) mortgages in foreclosure.
- (3) Small State minimum
- **(A) In general**—Each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall receive no less than \$50,000,000 for the purposes established in (c).
- **(B) Pro Rata Adjustments**—The Secretary shall adjust on a pro rata basis the amount of the payments for each State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico determined under this subsection without regard to this subparagraph to the extent necessary to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A).
- **(4) Territory set-aside**—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, of the amounts appropriated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall reserve \$30,000,000 to be disbursed to Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands based on each such

territory's share of the combined total population of all such territories, as determined by the Secretary. For the purposes of this paragraph, population shall be determined based on the most recent year for which data are available from the United States Census Bureau.

- **(5) Tribal set-aside**—The Secretary shall allocate funds to any eligible entity designated under subsection (f) pursuant to the requirements of that subsection.
- (e) Distribution of funds to States
- (1) In General—The Secretary shall make payments, beginning not later than 45 days after enactment of this Act, from amounts allocated under subsection (d) to eligible entities that have notified the Secretary that they request to receive payment from the Fund and that the eligible entity will use such payments in compliance with this section.
- (2) Reallocation—If a State does not request allocated funds by the 45th day after the date of enactment of this Act, such State shall not be eligible for a payment from the Secretary pursuant to this section, and the Secretary shall, by the 180th day after the date of enactment of this Act, reallocate any funds that were not requested by such State among the States that have requested funds by the 45th day after the date of enactment of this Act. For any such reallocation of funds, the Secretary shall adhere to the requirements of subsection (d), except for paragraph (1), to the greatest extent possible, provided that the Secretary shall also take into consideration in determining such reallocation a State's remaining need and a State's record of using payments from the Fund to serve homeowners at disproportionate risk of mortgage default, foreclosure, or displacement, including homeowners having incomes equal to or less than 100 percent of the area median income for their household size or 100 percent of the median income for the United States, as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, whichever is greater, and minority homeowners.

WATER UTILITY RATEPAYER ASSISTANCE

KEY POINTS

- \$500 million provided to support water and wastewater arrearages
- No expiration of assistance
- Allocation of funding targeted to those with lowest income and pay high proportion of income for such services
- Assistance provided to water and wastewater agencies as grants

SEC. 2912. Funding for water assistance program

- (a) In general—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") for fiscal year 2021, out of any amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$500,000,000, to remain available until expended, for grants to States and Indian Tribes to assist low-income households, particularly those with the lowest incomes, that pay a high proportion of household income for drinking water and wastewater services, by providing funds to owners or operators of public water systems or treatment works to reduce arrearages of and rates charged to such households for such services.
- **(b) Allotment**—The Secretary shall—
- (1) allot amounts appropriated in this section to a State or Indian Tribe based on—
- **(A)** the percentage of households in the State, or under the jurisdiction of the Indian Tribe, with income equal or less than 150 percent of the Federal poverty line; and
- **(B)** the percentage of households in the State, or under the jurisdiction of the Indian Tribe, that spend more than 30 percent of monthly income on housing; and
- (2) reserve up to 3 percent of the amount appropriated in this section for Indian Tribes and tribal organizations.
- **(c) Definition**—In this section, the term "State" means each of the 50 States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

TAX CREDITS

KEY POINTS

- 100% credit against employment taxes equal to paid sick leave wages in a quarter
- Limitation on amount of paid sick leave is \$200 per quarter above the 100% credit related to collective bargaining agreements and payments made to pensions
- 100% family leave payroll credit up to maximum of \$200 per day and \$12,000 in total
- Limitation on days of sick leave is ten days in any quarter
- Excess credits considered overpayments
- Non-federal agencies become eligible for credits

PART 5—Credits for paid sick and family leave

SEC. 9641. Payroll credits

(a) In general—Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

"SUBCHAPTER D—Credits

- "Sec. 3131. Credit for paid sick leave.
- "Sec. 3132. Payroll credit for paid family leave.
- "Sec. 3133. Special rule related to tax on employers.
- "§ 3131. Credit for paid sick leave
- "(a) In general—In the case of an employer, there shall be allowed as a credit against applicable employment taxes for each calendar quarter an amount equal to 100 percent of the qualified sick leave wages paid by such employer with respect to such calendar quarter.
- "(b) Limitations and refundability
- "(1) Wages taken into account—The amount of qualified sick leave wages taken into account under subsection (a), plus any increases under subsection (e), with respect to any individual shall not exceed \$200 (\$511 in the case of any day any portion of which is paid sick time described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a) of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act, applied with the modification described in subsection (c)(2)(A)(i)) for any day (or portion thereof) for which the individual is paid qualified sick leave wages.
- **"(2) Overall limitation on number of days taken into account—**The aggregate number of days taken into account under paragraph (1) for any calendar quarter shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
- "(A) 10, over
- "(B) the aggregate number of days so taken into account during preceding calendar quarters in such calendar year (other than the first quarter of calendar year 2021).
- "(3) Credit limited to certain employment taxes—The credit allowed by subsection (a) with respect to any calendar quarter shall not exceed the applicable employment taxes for such calendar quarter on the wages paid with respect to the employment of all employees of the employer.
- "(4) Refundability of excess credit
- "(A) Credit is refundable—If the amount of the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of paragraph (3) for any calendar quarter, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a) and 6413(b).

- "(B) Advancing credit—In anticipation of the credit, including the refundable portion under subparagraph (A), the credit shall be advanced, according to forms and instructions provided by the Secretary, up to an amount calculated under subsection (a), subject to the limits under paragraph (1) and (2), all calculated through the end of the most recent payroll period in the quarter.
- "(c) Qualified sick leave wages—For purposes of this section—
- "(1) In general—The term 'qualified sick leave wages' means wages paid by an employer which would be required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act as if such Act applied after March 31, 2021.
- "(2) Rules of application—For purposes of determining whether wages are qualified sick leave wages under paragraph (1)—
- "(A) In general—The Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act shall be applied—
- "(i) by inserting ', the employee is seeking or awaiting the results of a diagnostic test for, or a medical diagnosis of, COVID-19 and such employee has been exposed to COVID-19 or the employee's employer has requested such test or diagnosis, or the employee is obtaining immunization related to COVID-19 or recovering from any injury, disability, illness, or condition related to such immunization' after 'medical diagnosis' in section 5102(a)(3) thereof, and
- "(ii) by applying section 5102(b)(1) of such Act separately with respect to each calendar year after 2020 (and, in the case of calendar year 2021, without regard to the first quarter thereof).
- "(B) Leave must meet requirements—If an employer fails to comply with any requirement of such Act (determined without regard to section 5109 thereof) with respect to paid sick time (as defined in section 5110 of such Act), amounts paid by such employer with respect to such paid sick time shall not be taken into account as qualified sick leave wages. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an employer which takes an action described in section 5104 of such Act shall be treated as failing to meet a requirement of such Act.
- "(d) Allowance of credit for certain health plan expenses
- "(1) In general—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by so much of the employer's qualified health plan expenses as are properly allocable to the qualified sick leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.
- "(2) Qualified health plan expenses—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'qualified health plan expenses' means amounts paid or incurred by the employer to provide and maintain a group health plan (as defined in section 5000(b)(1)), but only to the extent that such amounts are excluded from the gross income of employees by reason of section 106(a).
- "(3) Allocation rules—For purposes of this section, qualified health plan expenses shall be allocated to qualified sick leave wages in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe. Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, such allocation shall be treated as properly made if made on the basis of being pro rata among covered employees and pro rata on the basis of periods of coverage (relative to the time periods of leave to which such wages relate).
- "(e) Allowance of credit for amounts paid under certain collectively bargained agreements
- "(1) In general—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by the sum of—
- "(A) so much of the employer's collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions as are properly allocable to the qualified sick leave wages for which such credit is so allowed, plus
- "**(B)** so much of the employer's collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions as are properly allocable to the qualified sick leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.
- **"(2) Collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions—**For purposes of this subsection—
- **"(A) In general—**The term 'collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions' means, with respect to any calendar quarter, contributions which—
- "(i) are paid or incurred by an employer during the calendar quarter on behalf of its employees to a defined benefit plan (as defined in section 414(j)), which meets the requirements of section 401(a),
- "(ii) are made based on a pension contribution rate, and
- "(iii) are required to be made pursuant to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement in effect with respect to such calendar quarter.
- "(B) Pension contribution rate—The term 'pension contribution rate' means the contribution rate that the employer is obligated to pay on behalf of its employees under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement

for benefits under a defined benefit plan under such agreement, as such rate is applied to contribution base units (as defined by section 4001(a)(11) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1301(a)(11)).

- **"(C) Allocation rules**—The amount of collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions allocated to qualified sick leave wages for any calendar quarter shall be the product of—
- "(i) the pension contribution rate (expressed as an hourly rate), and
- "(ii) the number of hours for which qualified sick leave wages were provided to employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement described in subparagraph (A)(iii) during the calendar quarter.
- "(3) Collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions—For purposes of this section—
- "(A) In general—The term 'collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions' means, with respect to any calendar quarter, contributions which—
- "(i) are paid or incurred by an employer on behalf of its employees with respect to the calendar quarter to a registered apprenticeship program,
- "(ii) are made based on an apprenticeship program contribution rate, and
- "(iii) are required to be made pursuant to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement that is in effect with respect to such calendar quarter.
- "(B) Registered apprenticeship program—The term 'registered apprenticeship program' means an apprenticeship registered under the Act of August 16, 1937 (commonly known as the 'National Apprenticeship Act'; 50 Stat. 664, chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.) that meets the standards of subpart A of part 29 and part 30 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations.
- "(C) Apprenticeship program contribution rate—The term 'apprenticeship program contribution rate' means the contribution rate that the employer is obligated to pay on behalf of its employees under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement for benefits under a registered apprenticeship program under such agreement, as such rate is applied to contribution base units (as defined by section 4001(a)(11) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1301(a)(11)).
- "**(D) Allocation rules**—The amount of collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions allocated to qualified sick leave wages for any calendar quarter shall be the product of—
- "(i) the apprenticeship program contribution rate (expressed as an hourly rate), and
- "(ii) the number of hours for which qualified sick leave wages were provided to employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement described in subparagraph (A)(iii) during the calendar quarter.
- "(f) Definitions and special rules
- "(1) Applicable employment taxes—For purposes of this section, the term 'applicable employment taxes' means the following:
- "(A) The taxes imposed under section 3111(b).
- "(B) So much of the taxes imposed under section 3221(a) as are attributable to the rate in effect under section 3111(b).
- "(2) Wages—For purposes of this section, the term 'wages' means wages (as defined in section 3121(a), determined without regard to paragraphs (1) through (22) of section 3121(b)) and compensation (as defined in section 3231(e), determined without regard to the sentence in paragraph (1) thereof which begins 'Such term does not include remuneration').
- "(3) Denial of double benefit—For purposes of chapter 1, the gross income of the employer, for the taxable year which includes the last day of any calendar quarter with respect to which a credit is allowed under this section, shall be increased by the amount of such credit. Any wages taken into account in determining the credit allowed under this section shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit allowed under sections 45A, 45P, 45S, 51, 3132, and 3134. In the case of any credit allowed under section 2301 of the CARES Act or section 41 with respect to wages taken into account under this section, the credit allowed under this section shall be reduced by the portion of the credit allowed under such section 2301 or section 41 which is attributable to such wages.
- "(4) Election to not take certain wages into account—This section shall not apply to so much of the qualified sick leave wages paid by an eligible employer as such employer elects (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe) to not take into account for purposes of this section.

- "(5) Certain governmental employers—No credit shall be allowed under this section to the Government of the United States or to any agency or instrumentality thereof. The preceding sentence shall not apply to any organization described in section 501(c)(1) and exempt from tax under section 501(a).
- **"(6) Extension of limitation on assessment**—Notwithstanding section 6501, the limitation on the time period for the assessment of any amount attributable to a credit claimed under this section shall not expire before the date that is 5 years after the later of—
- "(A) the date on which the original return which includes the calendar quarter with respect to which such credit is determined is filed, or
- "(B) the date on which such return is treated as filed under section 6501(b)(2).
- "(7) Coordination with certain programs
- "(A) In general—This section shall not apply to so much of the qualified sick leave wages paid by an eligible employer as are taken into account as payroll costs in connection with—
- "(i) a covered loan under section 7(a)(37) or 7A of the Small Business Act,
- "(ii) a grant under section 324 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Non-Profits, and Venues Act, or
- "(iii) a restaurant revitalization grant under section 5003 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.
- "(B) Application where PPP loans not forgiven—The Secretary shall issue guidance providing that payroll costs paid during the covered period shall not fail to be treated as qualified sick leave wages under this section by reason of subparagraph (A)(i) to the extent that—
- "(i) a covered loan of the taxpayer under section 7(a)(37) of the Small Business Act is not forgiven by reason of a decision under section 7(a)(37)(J) of such Act, or
- "(ii) a covered loan of the taxpayer under section 7A of the Small Business Act is not forgiven by reason of a decision under section 7A(g) of such Act.

Terms used in the preceding sentence which are also used in section 7A(g) or 7(a)(37)(J) of the Small Business Act shall, when applied in connection with either such section, have the same meaning as when used in such section, respectively.

- "(g) Regulations—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including—
- "(1) regulations or other guidance to prevent the avoidance of the purposes of the limitations under this section,
- "(2) regulations or other guidance to minimize compliance and record-keeping burdens under this section,
- "(3) regulations or other guidance providing for waiver of penalties for failure to deposit amounts in anticipation of the allowance of the credit allowed under this section,
- "(4) regulations or other guidance for recapturing the benefit of credits determined under this section in cases where there is a subsequent adjustment to the credit determined under subsection (a),
- "(5) regulations or other guidance to ensure that the wages taken into account under this section conform with the paid sick time required to be provided under the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act,
- "(6) regulations or other guidance to permit the advancement of the credit determined under subsection (a), and
- "(7) regulations or other guidance with respect to the allocation, reporting, and substantiation of collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions and collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions.
- "**(h) Application of section**—This section shall apply only to wages paid with respect to the period beginning on April 1, 2021, and ending on September 30, 2021.
- "(i) Treatment of deposits—The Secretary shall waive any penalty under section 6656 for any failure to make a deposit of applicable employment taxes if the Secretary determines that such failure was due to the anticipation of the credit allowed under this section.
- "(j) Non-discrimination requirement—No credit shall be allowed under this section to any employer for any calendar quarter if such employer, with respect to the availability of the provision of qualified sick leave wages to which this section otherwise applies for such calendar quarter, discriminates in favor of highly compensated employees (within the meaning of section 414(q)), full-time employees, or employees on the basis of employment tenure with such employer.
- "§ 3132. Payroll credit for paid family leave

- "(a) In general—In the case of an employer, there shall be allowed as a credit against applicable employment taxes for each calendar quarter an amount equal to 100 percent of the qualified family leave wages paid by such employer with respect to such calendar quarter.
- "(b) Limitations and refundability
- "(1) Wages taken into account—The amount of qualified family leave wages taken into account under subsection (a), plus any increases under subsection (e), with respect to any individual shall not exceed—
- "(A) for any day (or portion thereof) for which the individual is paid qualified family leave wages, \$200, and
- "(B) in the aggregate with respect to all calendar quarters, \$12,000.
- "(2) Credit limited to certain employment taxes—The credit allowed by subsection (a) with respect to any calendar quarter shall not exceed the applicable employment taxes for such calendar quarter (reduced by any credits allowed under section 3131) on the wages paid with respect to the employment of all employees of the employer.
- "(3) Refundability of excess credit
- "(A) Credit is refundable—If the amount of the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of paragraph (2) for any calendar quarter, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a) and 6413(b).
- "**(B)** Advancing credit—In anticipation of the credit, including the refundable portion under subparagraph (A), the credit shall be advanced, according to forms and instructions provided by the Secretary, up to an amount calculated under subsection (a), subject to the limits under paragraph (1) and (2), all calculated through the end of the most recent payroll period in the quarter.
- "(c) Qualified family leave wages
- "(1) In general—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified family leave wages' means wages paid by an employer which would be required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act (including the amendments made by such Act) as if such Act (and amendments made by such Act) applied after March 31, 2021.
- "(2) Rules of application
- "(A) In general—For purposes of determining whether wages are qualified family leave wages under paragraph (1)—
- "(i) section 110(a)(2)(A) of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 shall be applied by inserting 'or any reason for leave described in section 5102(a) of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, or the employee is seeking or awaiting the results of a diagnostic test for, or a medical diagnosis of, COVID–19 and such employee has been exposed to COVID–19 or the employee's employer has requested such test or diagnosis, or the employee is obtaining immunization related to COVID–19 or recovering from any injury, disability, illness, or condition related to such immunization' after 'public health emergency', and
- "(ii) section 110(b) of such Act shall be applied—
- "(I) without regard to paragraph (1) thereof,
- "(II) by striking 'after taking leave after such section for 10 days' in paragraph (2)(A) thereof, and
- "(III) by substituting '\$12,000' for '\$10,000' in paragraph (2)(B)(ii) thereof.
- "(B) Leave must meet requirements—For purposes of determining whether wages would be required to be paid under paragraph (1), if an employer fails to comply with any requirement of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 or the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act (determined without regard to any time limitation under section 102(a)(1)(F) of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1994) with respect to any leave provided for a qualifying need related to a public health emergency (as defined in section 110 of such Act, applied as described in subparagraph (A)(i)), amounts paid by such employer with respect to such leave shall not be taken into account as qualified family leave wages. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an employer which takes an action described in section 105 of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 shall be treated as failing to meet a requirement of such Act.
- "(d) Allowance of credit for certain health plan expenses
- "(1) In general—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by so much of the employer's qualified health plan expenses as are properly allocable to the qualified family leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.
- "(2) Qualified health plan expenses—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'qualified health plan expenses' means amounts paid or incurred by the employer to provide and maintain a group health plan (as

defined in section 5000(b)(1)), but only to the extent that such amounts are excluded from the gross income of employees by reason of section 106(a).

- "(3) Allocation rules—For purposes of this section, qualified health plan expenses shall be allocated to qualified family leave wages in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe. Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, such allocation shall be treated as properly made if made on the basis of being pro rata among covered employees and pro rata on the basis of periods of coverage (relative to the time periods of leave to which such wages relate).
- "(e) Allowance of credit for amounts paid under certain collectively bargained agreements
- "(1) In general—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by so much of the sum of—
- "(A) so much of the employer's collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions as are properly allocable to the qualified family leave wages for which such credit is so allowed, plus
- "(B) so much of the employer's collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions as are properly allocable to the qualified family leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.
- **"(2) Collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions—**For purposes of this subsection—
- "(A) In general—The term 'collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions' has the meaning given such term under section 3131(e)(2).
- **"(B) Allocation rules**—The amount of collectively bargained defined benefit pension plan contributions allocated to qualified family leave wages for any calendar quarter shall be the product of—
- "(i) the pension contribution rate (as defined in section 3131(e)(2)), expressed as an hourly rate, and
- "(ii) the number of hours for which qualified family leave wages were provided to employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement described in section 3131(e)(2)(A)(iii) during the calendar quarter.
- "(3) Collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions—For purposes of this section—
- "(A) In general—The term 'collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions' has the meaning given such term under section 3131(e)(3).
- "(B) Allocation rules—For purposes of this section, the amount of collectively bargained apprenticeship program contributions allocated to qualified family leave wages for any calendar quarter shall be the product of—
- "(i) the apprenticeship contribution rate (as defined in section 3131(e)(3)), expressed as an hourly rate, and
- "(ii) the number of hours for which qualified family leave wages were provided to employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement described in section 3131(e)(3)(A)(iii) during the calendar quarter.
- "(f) Definitions and special rules
- "(1) Applicable employment taxes—For purposes of this section, the term 'applicable employment taxes' means the following:
- "(A) The taxes imposed under section 3111(b).
- "(B) So much of the taxes imposed under section 3221(a) as are attributable to the rate in effect under section 3111(b).
- "(2) Wages—For purposes of this section, the term 'wages' means wages (as defined in section 3121(a), determined without regard to paragraphs (1) through (22) of section 3121(b)) and compensation (as defined in section 3231(e), determined without regard to the sentence in paragraph (1) thereof which begins 'Such term does not include remuneration').
- "(3) Denial of double benefit—For purposes of chapter 1, the gross income of the employer, for the taxable year which includes the last day of any calendar quarter with respect to which a credit is allowed under this section, shall be increased by the amount of such credit. Any wages taken into account in determining the credit allowed under this section shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit allowed under sections 45A, 45P, 45S, 51, 3131, and 3134. In the case of any credit allowed under section 2301 of the CARES Act or section 41 with respect to wages taken into account under this section, the credit allowed under this section shall be reduced by the portion of the credit allowed under such section 2301 or section 41 which is attributable to such wages.
- "(4) Election to not take certain wages into account—This section shall not apply to so much of the qualified family leave wages paid by an eligible employer as such employer elects (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe) to not take into account for purposes of this section.

- "(5) Certain governmental employers—No credit shall be allowed under this section to the Government of the United States or to any agency or instrumentality thereof. The preceding sentence shall not apply to any organization described in section 501(c)(1) and exempt from tax under section 501(a).
- **"(6) Extension of limitation on assessment**—Notwithstanding section 6501, the limitation on the time period for the assessment of any amount attributable to a credit claimed under this section shall not expire before the date that is 5 years after the later of—
- "(A) the date on which the original return which includes the calendar quarter with respect to which such credit is determined is filed, or
- "(B) the date on which such return is treated as filed under section 6501(b)(2).
- "(7) Coordination with certain programs
- "(A) In general—This section shall not apply to so much of the qualified family leave wages paid by an eligible employer as are taken into account as payroll costs in connection with—
- "(i) a covered loan under section 7(a)(37) or 7A of the Small Business Act,
- "(ii) a grant under section 324 of the Economic Aid to Hard-Hit Small Businesses, Non-Profits, and Venues Act, or
- "(iii) a restaurant revitalization grant under section 5003 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ASSISTANCE

KEY POINTS

A. State

- Authority to transfer assistance to Special Purpose entities
- \$195 billion to states of which \$25,500,000,000 of such amount shall be allocated by the Secretary equally among the states (keep in mind that set asides reduce marginally)
- Remaining amounts allocated in same proportion to such remainder as the average
 estimated number of seasonally-adjusted unemployed individuals (as measured by
 the Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment Statistics program) in the
 State or District of Columbia over the 3-month period ending with December 2020
 bears to the average estimated number of seasonally-adjusted unemployed
 individuals in all of the 50 States and the District of Columbia over the same period
- Payments made within 60 days of certification by state
- Authority to transfer assistance to Special Purpose entities
- Secretary has authority to split payments into two equal tranches and withhold second tranche up to one year from date of certification of need
- States may provide "essential" worker premium pay (\$13/hour, \$25,000 annual cap) for workers deemed essential by Governor

B. Local

- \$45 billion provided to cities and counties
- Transfer to Special Purpose entities allowed
- States distribute to local governments
- Allocation of fundings identical to state allocation process
- Uses of funding assistance is to cover costs incurred by the metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county, by December 31, 2024
- Funds may be used for the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue of such metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county due to the COVID-19 public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county prior to the emergency; make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure
- Funds cannot be used to support payments to pension funds

Subtitle M—Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

SEC. 9901. Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

(a) In general—Title VI of the Social Security Act (<u>42 U.S.C. 801</u> et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 602. Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund

- "(a) **Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated—
- "(1) \$219,800,000,000, to remain available through December 31, 2024, for making payments under this section to States, territories, and Tribal governments to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease (COVID–19); and
- "(2) \$50,000,000, to remain available until expended, for the costs of the Secretary for administration of the funds established under this title.

"(b) Authority to make payments

- "(1) Payments to territories
- "(A) In general—The Secretary shall reserve \$4,500,000,000 of the amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1) to make payments to the territories.
- "(B) Allocation—Of the amount reserved under subparagraph (A)—
- "(i) 50 percent of such amount shall be allocated by the Secretary equally to each territory; and
- "(ii) 50 percent of such amount shall be allocated by the Secretary as an additional amount to each territory in an amount which bears the same proportion to 1/2 of the total amount reserved under subparagraph (A) as the population of the territory bears to the total population of all such territories.
- "(C) **Payment**—The Secretary shall pay each territory the total of the amounts allocated for the territory under subparagraph (B) in accordance with paragraph (6).
- "(2) Payments to Tribal governments
- "(A) In general—The Secretary shall reserve \$20,000,000,000 of the amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1) to make payments to Tribal governments.
- "(B) Allocation—Of the amount reserved under subparagraph (A)—
- "(i) \$1,000,000,000 shall be allocated by the Secretary equally among each of the Tribal governments; and "(ii) \$19,000,000,000 shall be allocated by the Secretary to the Tribal governments in a manner determined by the Secretary.
- "(C) **Payment** The Secretary shall pay each Tribal government the total of the amounts allocated for the Tribal government under subparagraph (B) in accordance with paragraph (6).
- "(3) Payments to each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia
- "(A) In general—The Secretary shall reserve \$195,300,000,000 of the amount appropriated under subsection (a)(1) to make payments to each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
- "(B) Allocations—Of the amount reserved under subparagraph (A)—
- "(i) \$25,500,000,000 of such amount shall be allocated by the Secretary equally among each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia;
- "(ii) an amount equal to \$1,250,000,000 less the amount allocated for the District of Columbia pursuant to section 601(c)(6) shall be allocated by the Secretary as an additional amount to the District of Columbia; and "(iii) an amount equal to the remainder of the amount reserved under subparagraph (A) after the application of clauses (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph shall be allocated by the Secretary as an additional amount to each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia in an amount which bears the same proportion to such remainder as the average estimated number of seasonally-adjusted unemployed individuals (as measured by the Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment Statistics program) in the State or District of Columbia over the 3-month period ending with December 2020 bears to the average estimated number of seasonally-adjusted unemployed individuals in all of the 50 States and the District of Columbia over the same period.

"(C) Payment

- "(i) In general—Subject to clause (ii), the Secretary shall pay each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia, from the amount reserved under subparagraph (A), the total of the amounts allocated for the State and District of Columbia under subparagraph (B) in accordance with paragraph (6).
- "(ii) Minimum payment requirement
- "(I) In general—The sum of—
- "(aa) the total amounts allocated for 1 of the 50 States or the District of Columbia under subparagraph (B) (as determined without regard to this clause); and
- "(**bb**) the amounts allocated under section 603 to the State (for distribution by the State to nonentitlement units of local government in the State) and to metropolitan cities and counties in the State;

shall not be less than the amount allocated to the State or District of Columbia for fiscal year 2020 under section 601, including any amount paid directly to a unit of local government in the State under such section.

- "(II) **Pro rata adjustment**—The Secretary shall adjust on a pro rata basis the amount of the allocations for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia determined under subparagraph (B)(iii) (without regard to this clause) to the extent necessary to comply with the requirement of subclause (I).
- "(4) Pro rata adjustment authority—The amounts otherwise determined for allocation and payment under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) may be adjusted by the Secretary on a pro rata basis to the extent necessary to ensure that all available funds are allocated to States, territories, and Tribal governments in accordance with the requirements specified in each such paragraph (as applicable).
- "(5) **Population data**—For purposes of determining allocations for a territory under this section, the population of the territory shall be determined based on the most recent data available from the Bureau of the Census.

"(6) Timing

"(A) States and territories

"(i) In general—To the extent practicable, subject to clause (ii), with respect to each State and territory allocated a payment under this subsection, the Secretary shall make the payment required for the State or territory not later than 60 days after the date on which the certification required under subsection (d)(1) is provided to the Secretary.

"(ii) Authority to split payment

- "(I) In general—The Secretary shall have the authority to withhold payment of up to 50 percent of the amount allocated to each State and territory (other than payment of the amount allocated under paragraph (3)(B)(ii) to the District of Columbia) for a period of up to 12 months from the date on which the State or territory provides the certification required under subsection (d)(1). The Secretary shall exercise such authority with respect to a State or territory based on the unemployment rate in the State or territory as of such date.
- "(II) Payment of withheld amount—Before paying to a State or territory the remainder of an amount allocated to the State or territory (subject to subclause (III)) that has been withheld by the Secretary under subclause (I), the Secretary shall require the State or territory to submit a second certification under subsection (d)(1), in addition to such other information as the Secretary may require.
- "(III) Recovery of amounts subject to recoupment—If a State or territory is required under subsection (e) to repay funds for failing to comply with subsection (c), the Secretary may reduce the amount otherwise payable to the State or territory under subclause (II) by the amount that the State or territory would otherwise be required to repay under such subsection (e).
- "(B) Tribal governments—To the extent practicable, with respect to each Tribal government for which an amount is allocated under this subsection, the Secretary shall make the payment required for the Tribal government not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this section.
- "(C) Initial payment to district of columbia—The Secretary shall pay the amount allocated under paragraph (3)(B)(ii) to the District of Columbia not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of this section.

"(c) Requirements

- "(1) Use of funds—Subject to paragraph (2), and except as provided in paragraph (3), a State, territory, or Tribal government shall only use the funds provided under a payment made under this section, or transferred pursuant to section 603(c)(4), to cover costs incurred by the State, territory, or Tribal government, by December 31, 2024—
- "(A) to respond to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19) or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality;
- "(B) to respond to workers performing essential work during the COVID-19 public health emergency by providing premium pay to eligible workers of the State, territory, or Tribal government that are performing such essential work, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work;
- "(C) for the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue of such State, territory, or Tribal government due to the COVID–19 public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the State, territory, or Tribal government prior to the emergency; or
- "(D) to make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure.

"(2) Further restriction on use of funds

- "(A) In general—A State or territory shall not use the funds provided under this section or transferred pursuant to section 603(c)(4) to either directly or indirectly offset a reduction in the net tax revenue of such State or territory resulting from a change in law, regulation, or administrative interpretation during the covered period that reduces any tax (by providing for a reduction in a rate, a rebate, a deduction, a credit, or otherwise) or delays the imposition of any tax or tax increase.
- "(B) Pension funds—No State or territory may use funds made available under this section for deposit into any pension fund.
- "(3) **Transfer authority**—A State, territory, or Tribal government receiving a payment from funds made available under this section may transfer funds to a private nonprofit organization (as that term is defined in paragraph (17) of section 401 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11360(17)), a Tribal organization (as that term is defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)), a public benefit corporation involved in the transportation of passengers or cargo, or a special-purpose unit of State or local government.

"(d) Certifications and reports

- "(1) In general—In order for a State or territory to receive a payment under this section, or a transfer of funds under section 603(c)(4), the State or territory shall provide the Secretary with a certification, signed by an authorized officer of such State or territory, that such State or territory requires the payment or transfer to carry out the activities specified in subsection (c) of this section and will use any payment under this section, or transfer of funds under section 603(c)(4), in compliance with subsection (c) of this section.
- "(2) **Reporting**—Any State, territory, or Tribal government receiving a payment under this section shall provide to the Secretary periodic reports providing a detailed accounting of—
- "(A) the uses of funds by such State, territory, or Tribal government, including, in the case of a State or a territory, all modifications to the State's or territory's tax revenue sources during the covered period; and "(B) such other information as the Secretary may require for the administration of this section.
- "(e) **Recoupment**—Any State, territory, or Tribal government that has failed to comply with subsection (c) shall be required to repay to the Secretary an amount equal to the amount of funds used in violation of such subsection, provided that, in the case of a violation of subsection (c)(2)(A), the amount the State or territory shall be required to repay shall be lesser of—
- "(1) the amount of the applicable reduction to net tax revenue attributable to such violation; and
- "(2) the amount of funds received by such State or territory pursuant to a payment made under this section or a transfer made under section 603(c)(4).
- "(f) **Regulations**—The Secretary shall have the authority to issue such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this section.
- "(g) **Definitions**—In this section:
- "(1) Covered period—The term 'covered period' means, with respect to a State, territory, or Tribal government, the period that—
- "(A) begins on March 3, 2021; and
- "(B) ends on the last day of the fiscal year of such State, territory, or Tribal government in which all funds received by the State, territory, or Tribal government from a payment made under this section or a transfer made under section 603(c)(4) have been expended or returned to, or recovered by, the Secretary.
- "(2) Eligible workers—The term 'eligible workers' means those workers needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors and additional sectors as each Governor of a State or territory, or each Tribal government, may designate as critical to protect the health and well-being of the residents of their State, territory, or Tribal government.
- "(3) **Premium pay**—The term 'premium pay' means an amount of up to \$13 per hour that is paid to an eligible worker, in addition to wages or remuneration the eligible worker otherwise receives, for all work performed by the eligible worker during the COVID–19 public health emergency. Such amount may not exceed \$25,000 with respect to any single eligible worker.
- "(4) Secretary—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.
- "(5) State—The term 'State' means each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
- "(6) **Territory**—The term 'territory' means the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.

"(7) **Tribal government**—The term 'Tribal Government' means the recognized governing body of any Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, community, component band, or component reservation, individually identified (including parenthetically) in the list published most recently as of the date of enactment of this Act pursuant to section 104 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (<u>25 U.S.C.</u> <u>5131</u>).

"§ 603. Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

"(a) **Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$130,200,000,000, to remain available through December 31, 2024, for making payments under this section to metropolitan cities, nonentitlement units of local government, and counties to mitigate the fiscal effects stemming from the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease (COVID–19).

"(b) Authority to make payments

"(1) Metropolitan cities

- "(A) In general—Of the amount appropriated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall reserve \$45,570,000,000 to make payments to metropolitan cities.
- "(B) Allocation and payment—From the amount reserved under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall allocate and, in accordance with paragraph (7), pay to each metropolitan city an amount determined for the metropolitan city consistent with the formula under section 106(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5306(b)), except that, in applying such formula, the Secretary shall substitute 'all metropolitan cities' for 'all metropolitan areas' each place it appears.

"(2) Nonentitlement units of local government

- "(A) In general—Of the amount appropriated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall reserve \$19,530,000,000 to make payments to States for distribution by the State to nonentitlement units of local government in the State.
- "(B) Allocation and payment—From the amount reserved under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall allocate and, in accordance with paragraph (7), pay to each State an amount which bears the same proportion to such reserved amount as the total population of all areas that are non-metropolitan cities in the State bears to the total population of all areas that are non-metropolitan cities in all such States.

"(C) Distribution to nonentitlement units of local government

"(i) In general—Not later than 30 days after a State receives a payment under subparagraph (B), the State shall distribute to each nonentitlement unit of local government in the State an amount that bears the same proportion to the amount of such payment as the population of the nonentitlement unit of local government bears to the total population of all the nonentitlement units of local government in the State, subject to clause (iii).

"(ii) Distribution of funds

"(I) Extension for distribution—If an authorized officer of a State required to make distributions under clause (i) certifies in writing to the Secretary before the end of the 30-day distribution period described in such clause that it would constitute an excessive administrative burden for the State to meet the terms of such clause with respect to 1 or more such distributions, the authorized officer may request, and the Secretary shall grant, an extension of such period of not more than 30 days to allow the State to make such distributions in accordance with clause (i).

"(II) Additional extensions

- "(aa) In general—If a State has been granted an extension to the distribution period under subclause (I) but is unable to make all the distributions required under clause (i) before the end of such period as extended, an authorized officer of the State may request an additional extension of the distribution period of not more than 30 days. The Secretary may grant a request for an additional extension of such period only if—
- "(AA) the authorized officer making such request provides a written plan to the Secretary specifying, for each distribution for which an additional extension is requested, when the State expects to make such distribution and the actions the State has taken and will take in order to make all such distributions before the end of the distribution period (as extended under subclause (I) and this subclause); and
- "(BB) the Secretary determines that such plan is reasonably designed to distribute all such funds to nonentitlement units of local government by the end of the distribution period (as so extended).

- "(bb) Further additional extensions—If a State granted an additional extension of the distribution period under item (aa) requires any further additional extensions of such period, the request only may be made and granted subject to the requirements specified in item (aa).
- "(iii) Capped amount—The total amount distributed to a nonentitlement unit of local government under this paragraph may not exceed the amount equal to 75 percent of the most recent budget for the nonentitlement unit of local government as of January 27, 2020.
- "(iv) Return of excess amounts—Any amounts not distributed to a nonentitlement unit of local government as a result of the application of clause (iii) shall be returned to the Secretary.
- "(**D**) **Penalty for noncompliance**—If, by the end of the 120-day period that begins on the date a State receives a payment from the amount allocated under subparagraph (B) or, if later, the last day of the distribution period for the State (as extended with respect to the State under subparagraph (C)(ii)), such State has failed to make all the distributions from such payment in accordance with the terms of subparagraph (C) (including any extensions of the distribution period granted in accordance with such subparagraph), an amount equal to the amount of such payment that remains undistributed as of such date shall be booked as a debt of such State owed to the Federal Government, shall be paid back from the State's allocation provided under section 602(b)(3)(B)(iii), and shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.

"(3) Counties

"(A) Amount—From the amount appropriated under subsection (a), the Secretary shall reserve and allocate \$65,100,000,000 of such amount to make payments directly to counties in an amount which bears the same proportion to the total amount reserved under this paragraph as the population of each such county bears to the total population of all such entities and shall pay such allocated amounts to such counties in accordance with paragraph (7).

"(B) Special rules

- "(i) **Urban counties**—No county that is an 'urban county' (as defined in section 102 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302)) shall receive less than the amount the county would otherwise receive if the amount paid under this paragraph were allocated to metropolitan cities and urban counties under section 106(b) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5306(b)).
- "(ii) Counties that are not units of general local government—In the case of an amount to be paid to a county that is not a unit of general local government, the amount shall instead be paid to the State in which such county is located, and such State shall distribute such amount to each unit of general local government within such county in an amount that bears the same proportion to the amount to be paid to such county as the population of such units of general local government bears to the total population of such county.
- "(iii) **District of columbia**—For purposes of this paragraph, the District of Columbia shall be considered to consist of a single county that is a unit of general local government.
- "(4) Consolidated governments—A unit of general local government that has formed a consolidated government, or that is geographically contained (in full or in part) within the boundaries of another unit of general local government may receive a distribution under each of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), as applicable, based on the respective formulas specified in such paragraphs.
- "(5) Pro rata adjustment authority—The amounts otherwise determined for allocation and payment under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) may be adjusted by the Secretary on a pro rata basis to the extent necessary to ensure that all available funds are distributed to metropolitan cities, counties, and States in accordance with the requirements specified in each paragraph (as applicable) and the certification requirement specified in subsection (d).
- "(6) **Population**—For purposes of determining allocations under this section, the population of an entity shall be determined based on the most recent data are available from the Bureau of the Census or, if not available, from such other data as a State determines appropriate.

"(7) Timing

"(A) First tranche amount—To the extent practicable, with respect to each metropolitan city for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (1), each State for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (2) for distribution to nonentitlement units of local government, and each county for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (3), the Secretary shall pay from such allocation the First Tranche Amount for such city, State, or county not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this section.

"(B) Second tranche amount—The Secretary shall pay to each metropolitan city for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (1), each State for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (2) for distribution to nonentitlement units of local government, and each county for which an amount is allocated under paragraph (3), the Second Tranche Amount for such city, State, or county not earlier than 12 months after the date on which the First Tranche Amount is paid to the city, State, or county.

"(c) Requirements

- "(1) Use of funds—Subject to paragraph (2), and except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), a metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county shall only use the funds provided under a payment made under this section to cover costs incurred by the metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county, by December 31, 2024—
- "(A) to respond to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19) or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality;
- "(B) to respond to workers performing essential work during the COVID–19 public health emergency by providing premium pay to eligible workers of the metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county that are performing such essential work, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work;
- "(C) for the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue of such metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county due to the COVID–19 public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county prior to the emergency; or
- "(D) to make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure.
- "(2) **Pension funds**—No metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county may use funds made available under this section for deposit into any pension fund.
- "(3) **Transfer authority**—A metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county receiving a payment from funds made available under this section may transfer funds to a private nonprofit organization (as that term is defined in paragraph (17) of section 401 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 <u>U.S.C. 11360(17)</u>), a public benefit corporation involved in the transportation of passengers or cargo, or a special-purpose unit of State or local government.
- "(4) Transfers to States—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county receiving a payment from funds made available under this section may transfer such funds to the State in which such entity is located.
- "(d) Reporting—Any metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county receiving funds provided under a payment made under this section shall provide to the Secretary periodic reports providing a detailed accounting of the uses of such funds by such metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county and including such other information as the Secretary may require for the administration of this section.
- "(e) **Recoupment**—Any metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county that has failed to comply with subsection (c) shall be required to repay to the Secretary an amount equal to the amount of funds used in violation of such subsection.
- "(f) **Regulations**—The Secretary shall have the authority to issue such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out this section.
- "(g) **Definitions**—In this section:
- "(1) County—The term 'county' means a county, parish, or other equivalent county division (as defined by the Bureau of the Census).
- "(2) Eligible workers—The term 'eligible workers' means those workers needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors and additional sectors as each chief executive officer of a metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county may designate as critical to protect the health and well-being of the residents of their metropolitan city, nonentitlement unit of local government, or county.
- "(3) First tranche amount—The term 'First Tranche Amount' means, with respect to each metropolitan city for which an amount is allocated under subsection (b)(1), each State for which an amount is allocated under subsection (b)(2) for distribution to nonentitlement units of local government, and each county for which an

amount is allocated under subsection (b)(3), 50 percent of the amount so allocated to such metropolitan city, State, or county (as applicable).

- "(4) Metropolitan city—The term 'metropolitan city' has the meaning given that term in section 102(a)(4) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a)(4)) and includes cities that relinquish or defer their status as a metropolitan city for purposes of receiving allocations under section 106 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 5306) for fiscal year 2021.
- "(5) Nonentitlement unit of local government—The term 'nonentitlement unit of local government' means a 'city', as that term is defined in section 102(a)(5) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a)(5))), that is not a metropolitan city.
- "(6) **Premium pay**—The term 'premium pay' has the meaning given such term in section 602(g).
- "(7) Second tranche amount—The term 'Second Tranche Amount' means, with respect to each metropolitan city for which an amount is allocated under subsection (b)(1), each State for which an amount is allocated under subsection (b)(2) for distribution to nonentitlement units of local government, and each county for which an amount is allocated under subsection (b)(3), an amount not to exceed 50 percent of the amount so allocated to such metropolitan city, State, or county (as applicable).
- "(8) Secretary—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.
- "(9) **State**—The term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.
- "(10) Unit of general local government—The term 'unit of general local government' has the meaning given that term in section 102(a)(1) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5302(a)(1)).

"§ 604. Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund

"(a) **Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$10,000,000,000, to remain available until expended, for making payments to States, territories, and Tribal governments to carry out critical capital projects directly enabling work, education, and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease (COVID–19).

"(b) Payments

- "(1) Minimum amounts—From the amount appropriated under subsection (a)—
- "(A) the Secretary shall pay \$100,000,000 to each State;
- "(**B**) the Secretary shall pay \$100,000,000 of such amount in equal shares to the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau; and
- "(C) the Secretary shall pay \$100,000,000 of such amount in equal shares to Tribal governments and the State of Hawaii (in addition to the amount paid to the State of Hawaii under subparagraph (A)), of which—
- "(i) not less than \$50,000 shall be paid to each Tribal government; and
- "(ii) not less than \$50,000, and not more than \$200,000, shall be paid to the State of Hawaii for the exclusive use of the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and the Native Hawaiian Education Programs to assist Native Hawaiians in accordance with this section.

"(2) Remaining amounts

- "(A) In general—From the amount of the appropriation under subsection (a) that remains after the application of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make payments to States based on population such that—
- "(i) 50 percent of such amount shall be allocated among the States based on the proportion that the population of each State bears to the population of all States;
- "(ii) 25 percent of such amount shall be allocated among the States based on the proportion that the number of individuals living in rural areas in each State bears to the number of individuals living in rural areas in all States; and
- "(iii) 25 percent of such amount shall be allocated among the States based on the proportion that the number of individuals with a household income that is below 150 percent of the poverty line applicable to a family of the size involved in each State bears to the number of such individuals in all States.
- "(B) Data—In determining the allocations to be made to each State under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Treasury shall use the most recent data available from the Bureau of the Census.

- "(c) **Timing**—The Secretary shall establish a process of applying for grants to access funding made available under section (b) not later than 60 days after enactment of this section.
- "(d) **Definitions**—In this section:
- "(1) **Secretary**—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.
- "(2) State—The term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.
- "(3) **Tribal government**—The term 'Tribal government' has the meaning given such term in section 602(g).
- "§ 605. Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund
- "(a) **Appropriation**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated for fiscal year 2021, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,000,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2023, with amounts to be obligated for each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 in accordance with subsection (b), for making payments under this section to eligible revenue sharing counties and eligible Tribal governments.
- "(b) Authority to make payments
- "(1) Payments to eligible revenue sharing counties—For each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023, the Secretary shall reserve \$750,000,000 of the total amount appropriated under subsection (a) to allocate and pay to each eligible revenue sharing county in amounts that are determined by the Secretary taking into account economic conditions of each eligible revenue sharing county, using measurements of poverty rates, household income, land values, and unemployment rates as well as other economic indicators, over the 20-year period ending with September 30, 2021.
- "(2) Payments to eligible Tribal governments—For each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023, the Secretary shall reserve \$250,000,000 of the total amount appropriated under subsection (a) to allocate and pay to eligible Tribal governments in amounts that are determined by the Secretary taking into account economic conditions of each eligible Tribe.
- "(c) Use of payments—An eligible revenue sharing county or an eligible Tribal government may use funds provided under a payment made under this section for any governmental purpose other than a lobbying activity.
- "(d) Reporting requirement—Any eligible revenue sharing county receiving a payment under this section shall provide to the Secretary periodic reports providing a detailed accounting of the uses of fund by such eligible revenue sharing county and such other information as the Secretary may require for the administration of this section.
- "(e) **Recoupment**—Any eligible revenue sharing county that has failed to submit a report required under subsection (d) or failed to comply with subsection (c), shall be required to repay to the Secretary an amount equal to—
- "(1) in the case of a failure to comply with subsection (c), the amount of funds used in violation of such subsection; and
- "(2) in the case of a failure to submit a report required under subsection (d), such amount as the Secretary determines appropriate, but not to exceed 5 percent of the amount paid to the eligible revenue sharing county under this section for all fiscal years.
- "(**f**) **Definitions**—In this section:
- "(1) Eligible revenue sharing county—The term 'eligible revenue sharing county' means—
- "(A) a county, parish, or borough—
- "(i) that is independent of any other unit of local government; and
- "(ii) that, as determined by the Secretary, is the principal provider of government services for the area within its jurisdiction; and
- "(iii) for which, as determined by the Secretary, there is a negative revenue impact due to implementation of a Federal program or changes to such program; and
- "(B) the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the United States Virgin Islands.
- "(2) Eligible tribal government—The term 'eligible Tribal government' means the recognized governing body of an eligible Tribe.
- "(3) **Eligible Tribe**—The term 'eligible Tribe' means any Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, community, component band, or component reservation, individually identified (including parenthetically) in the list published most recently as of the date of enactment of this section pursuant to section 104 of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (<u>25 U.S.C. 5131</u>).

- "(4) Secretary—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.".

 (b) Conforming amendment—The heading for title VI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) is amended by striking "Fund" and inserting ", Fiscal Recovery, and Critical Capital Projects Funds".